

الأنـدلـس لـلـزجـاج AL ANDALUS GLASS

CompanyProfile



ONE OF AL ANDALUS HOLDING'S COMPANIES



ABOUT US . VISION -MISSION - VALUES FACTORY 1 . FACTORY 2 TRADING . RANG OF OUR PRODUCTS . MILESTONES OF GLASS . GLASS PROPERTIES . PERFORMANCE TERMS PROJECTS . VISION

The Saudi Market is one of the biggest immerging markets in the world with promising potentials and big needs, this fact requires a professional companies with high standards and clear vision. For this, Al Andalus Glass Company is looking forward to be the leader in glass integrated business which includes trading, processing and decorating. Also, Al Andalus Glass Company is contributing positively in the Saudi economy and participate in achieving 2030 vision besides taking responsibility toward Saudi community by involving Saudi youth in the industry.

MISSION

According to our ambitious vision,

Al Andalus Glass Company didn't hesitate to heavily invest in glass sector wither in machineries or human capital to Provide all types of architectural glass within world standards using latest technologies and best hands. Also as a trader, maintaining excellent chain for supplying Stock sheets with most competitive prices to keep our partners work flow smooth as possible. We are Opening new channels in the market and expanding the service to cover more segments alongside bringing new innovative products to the glass field.

VALUES

We have partners, no clients and suppliers. We don't compromise our credibility. We honor our commitments

ABOUT US

Al Andalus Glass Company is one of 12 other companies belong to Al Andalus Holding Company. Al Andalus Glass Company was founded in 1997 in the 2nd Industrial Area and since that time the journey of Glass started to draw an increasing line in the market. We have opened other glass factory specialized in glass frameless in the 1st Industrial Area in 1999. In 2017, mega renovation has been made in the company from all aspects; management, machinery, buildings, manpower and Glass trading division added. was Thanks to this brilliant vision, Al Andalus Glass Company is one of the leaders in glass processing and trading market now.



MANAGEMENT MENTALITY

Professionalism:

Al Andalus Glass Company as one of the leaders in the business act professionally with partners, suppliers and employees.

Diversity:

Beside achieving high level of Saudization, we have multi culture work- environment alongside female section, all works in harmony.

Experience:

Came from long existance in the market and reinforced with experienced staff.

Education:

we care about educated staff and continuous learning process.

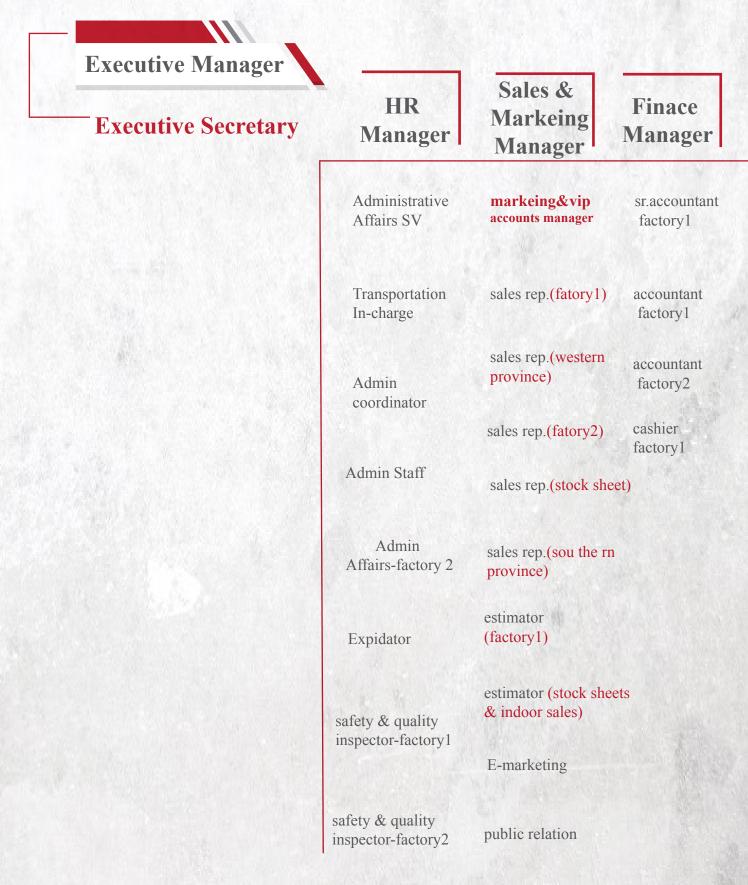
Caring:

we care about employees, partners and suppliers.

Safety:

Safety takes high priority in our culture. we have Safety officers, Safety equipments and clinic inside the factory.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Factory1 Manager	Sr. Maintenance Engineer	Factory2 Manager	Warehouse Manager	IT Manager
planning engineer	Maintenance supervisor	production supervisor	store keeper (spareparts)	
		optinization	store keeper	
optinization in-charge	Maintenance	in-charge	(glass stock)	100
	engineer	estimator	warehouse	The second se
planner	technicians factory 1	factory 2	laborer (factory1)	
production engineer		Operators factory2	warehouse	TIN
	technicians		laborer	
sr.production	factory 2	laborers factory2	(factory1)	
supervisor	laborers		warehouse	
production supervisor	10001015	factory 2	secretary	
		drivers truck drivers	(ghalla)	
			warehouse	

worker (ghalla)

8

FACTORY

Located in Second Industrial Area (Riyadh) over 9000 m² of the factory. combined with Al Andalus Glass head offices. the factory has been renovated in 2017. the factory is equipped with the most sophisticated technologies and european production lines starts from fully automated storage management system, fully automated cutting line, fully automated doubling line, modern tempering line and modern quality control department.

10

Automatic Cutting Line

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m^Y) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

es one 36400 4mm - 19mm Turomas - Spain RUBI - 516 C 3210 X 6000 mm 100 X 100 mm

- 11148

Machine2

, UROMAS

one 13000 4mm - 19mm Lisec - Austria BTS-3726 2440 X 3660 mm 100 X 100 mm

Automatic Storage Management System

No. of production lines / machines capacity (m2) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

one 12000 Turomas - Spain Racks Shuttle - RS7 3210 X 6100 2250 X 3210

AUTOMATIC ARISING MACHINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

es one 36400 4mm - 19mm BestMakina - Turkey BLA2 2400 X 4800 mm 500 X 500 mm

1

WASHING MACHINE

Machine 1

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) one 41600 4mm - 19 Triulzi - Italy SY-PLE 2400 X 4800 mm 300 X 300

TEMPERING LINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

one 36400 5.5 - 19 TamGlass - Finland PRO-E 2448 2400 X 4800 mm 300 X 300



Robotic Sealing Machine (IG Line)



Machine 1

No. of Producton lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thickness range (mm) Machine details - Manufacturer Machine details - Model / Type. Max. size (mm) Min. Size (mm)

s one 15600 80 - 12 mm BestMakina -Turkey BWPL 2400 X 1800 300 X 300

IG line



LAMINATION LINE

No. of Production Lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

one 5200 10 - 60mm IVACO- China HP 2000 2400 X 4800 mm 400 X 400 mm



QC Lab

Our Quality Control Department is equipped with the latest technologies from Ayrox Company.

List of tests that we do:

Type of Test

Glass size **Glass** Thickness **Glass Face** Roller waves & Edge Lift Stress **Fragment Test** Overall bow Laminated Glass Heat **Butyl Weight Desiccant Test** Sealant Hardness **Butterfly Test** Snap time Test Adhesion Test Color Test Water PH Water TDS

Equipment's

Measuring Tape Vernier Caliper Tin Side Detector Roller wave Gauge Gasp

Feeler Gauge Infrared Thermometer **Electronic Scale** Thermometer Durometer Sealant Tests

Water Tests

DIGITAL PRINTING MACHINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

OFICIEC

MAGIC

CERAMIC .

one 1040 20 - 1 mm EASTECH - China EASTECH 2400 X 4000 300 x 300

Autoclave (lamination Line)

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

Machine 1

one 5200 10 - 60 mm IVACO - China SL-2500 2400 X 4800 400 x 400

Jib Cranes

capacity (KG) Machine details - Manafacturer 500 Bystronic- Germany

Lightweight Cranes

capacity (KG) Machine details - Manafacturer 500 Bystronic- Germany



SAND BLASTING MACHINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

24 - 4 mm MHG GlassMaster - Germany 1000 X 2560 400 x 600

FACTORY



1

located in the First Industrial Area (Riyadh) over 2500 M² of the factory area. The factory is specialized in all single glass processes including Cutting, Tempering, polishing ,drilling, holing and sand blasting .in addition to water jet machine's services. All these processes done by European lines

AUTOMATIC SAND BLASTING MACHINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) one 2600 4mm - 24mm DYNAMIKI LTD - Greece Glassblaster M 260 2600 x 4500 40 x 60

TEMPERING LINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) one 10400 4mm - 19mm Tamglass - Finland HTF-2436-CT-10-L 2400 X 3600 30 X 30

TAMOLASS

0

нr.

WATER JET MACHINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm)

11 Waterjet

one 2600 1 - 120 WaterJet Corp. - Italy FB 51040//K/S 2000 X 3050 300 X 300

PRATICA

CUTTING LINE

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) 1

es one 18200 4mm-19mm Bottero-italy ESBBSP.40 3500X6000mm 100X100mm

AUTOMATIC POLISHING MACHIN

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) one one 6500 7800 4mm - 19mm Adelio Lattuada - Italy TL-10 A TL 11 2000 X 3600m 2000 x 4500mm 300 x 300mm

HOLING- DRILLING MACHINE

SCHIATTI ANGELO SEREGNO MI ITALY

No. of production lines / machines Monthly capacity (m2) Thicknes range (mm) Machine details - Manafacturer Machine details - Model / Type max. Size (mm) min. Size (mm) one 6500 4mm - 19mm Schiatti Angelo - Italy FPD - 60 60 Ø 6 Ø





Al Andalus Glass is one of the biggest and well-known traders with quite reputation. we stock quantities reach 260,000 m². also we have stock from all kinds of glass from almost every manufacturer in the region, usa, europe and asia ; all are served by warehouses in riyadh, jeddah and other warehouse in al ihsa, khamis mushait. beside big fleet of trucks including trailers and trucks equipped with cranes .



OUR FLEET CONSISTS OF :

2 big trailers for deliveries between cities.

3 trailers equipped with cranes for stock sheets.

7 Dyna trucks for deliveries inside cites.



RANG OF OUR PRODUCTS





LAMINATED GLASS:

Laminated glass is a type of safety glass that holds together when shattered. In the event of breaking, it is held in place by an interlayer, typically of polyvinyl butyral (PVB) or ethylene-vinyl acetate (EVA), between its two or more layers of glass. The interlayer keeps the layers of glass bonded even when broken, and its high strength prevents the glass from breaking up into large sharp pieces. This process does not significantly affect the strength of the glass but it does improve the safety of the glass as laminated glass typically remains intact and retains some strength even after fracture. For this reason, it is possible that future practice may allow higher stresses for such glass.

SINGLE INTERLAYER LAMINATION this type has single interlayer and only 2 panels of glass

MULTI INTERLAYER LAMINATION

this type has 2 interlayers or more and more than 2 panels of glass.



INSULATED GLASS UNIT:

Insulating glass (IG), more commonly known as double glazing (or double-pane, and increasingly triple glazing/pane), consists of two or three glass window panes separated by air space or gas filled space to reduce heat transfer across a part of the building envelope.



DGU: Double Glazed Unit:

it contains only 2 panels of glass with Aluminum spacer in between. The gap may contain 100% air or may contain 90 % Argon gas for higher performance

Multi IGU:

,' it contains 3 panels of glass with 2 aluminum ' spacer, usually use thus type for higher thermal performance. The gap may contain 100% air or may contain 90% Argon gas for higher performance.



TEMPERED GLASS:

Tempered glass is a type of safety glass processed by controlled thermal or treatments to increase its strength compared with normal annealed glass. Tempering puts the outer surfaces into compression and the interior into tension. Such stresses cause the glass, when broken, to crumble into small fragments instead of splintering into jagged shards as plate glass (a.k.a. annealed glass) does.

FULLY TEMPERE

In this type the glass will gain its maximum strength, and when broken the fragment will be very small.

HEAT STRENGTHENED GLASS:

In this type the glass will gain less strength than full tempered glass
and will make bigger fragments when broken. both heat
strengthened and fully toughened have a surface compression
induced by temperature increase and sudden quenching. the
existence of the surface compression means that it must be
overcome by load before any surface tensile stress is achieved. the
magnitude of the surface compression is of the order of 3 to 6 times
the typical stress values used in annealed glass design. this leads to
a similar strength increase without any effect on the glass stiffness

FRAMELESS GLASS:

Frameless glass is single glass units, usually installed internally e.g. Partitions and Fins. This glass may com in different thickness from 8mm, 10mm, 12mm, 15mm, 19mm.

DECORATIVE GLASS:

Sandblasted Glass:

Glass can be decorated by sandblasting the surface of a piece in order to remove a layer of glass, thereby making a design stand out. Items that are sandblasted are usually thick slabs of glass into which a design has been carved by means of high pressure sandblasting. This technique provides a three-dimensional effect but is not suitable for toughened glass as the process could shatter it.

Digital printed glass.

It is one of the most common decorative glass technologies that uses ink to print any desirable picture or pattern over the glass. This technology can be used in single, double or laminated glass.

Georgian Bar Glass:

It has Aluminum bars attached to the aluminum spacer in between the glass panles.

Glass Properties:

['] THE GENERAL PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SODA/LIME/SILICA GLASS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES ARE:

MASS (KG): Area x Thickness(mm) x 2.6

DENSITY: 2600 kg/m3

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

Approximately 2.60. Glass used for building purposes has a specific gravity comparable with that of aluminium which is approximately 2.70.

Coefficient of linear thermal expansion:
 88 x 107-/°C. Glass has a much lower coefficient of linear thermal expansion than most metals.

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY:

(K value) 1.05 W/m°C. The difference between various types of flat glass is small enough to be negligible.

THERMAL ENDURANCE:

6mm glass heated to a higher temperature and plunged into water at 21°C will rupture at approximately 55°C differential.

SOFTENING POINT: Approximately 730°C.

MODULUS OF ELASTICITY:

Young's modulus 70 GPa (70 x 109 Pa). The modulus of elasticity for glass is similar to that of aluminium.

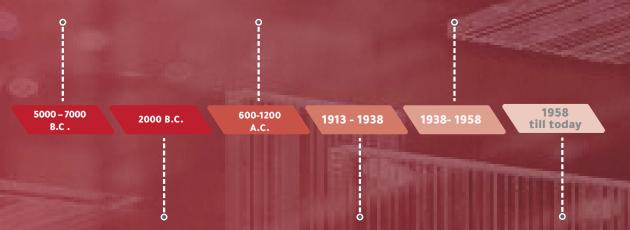
CHEMICAL RESISTANCE:

Glass will resist most acids except hydrofluoric and at high temperature, phosphoric. Alkalis, however will attack the surface of glass. When glazed into concrete framing, alkalis released from the concrete by rain may be leached onto the glass causing staining, or etching of the glass surface.

WEATHERING STEELS CAN DEPOSIT SOLUBLE SULPHATE, WHICH MAY BE DIFFICULT TO REMOVE FROM GLASS. SHOULD THIS OCCUR, ANY DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

MILE STONES OF GLASS

Glass Was Probably First Discovered By Syrian Copper Founders Between 5000 - 7000 Years Ago. The Dross (Or Waste) Produced By The Ores Could Be Described As Vitreous Pastes With Colouring From Various Metallic Oxides. It Would Of Been Very Similar To Obsidian, Which Is Produced Naturally Through Volcanic Action.The Substance Was Opaque And Did Not Resemble Glass As We Know It Today In Its Many Forms The 7th And 13th Centuries, The 'Crown' Method Of Spinning A Gob Of Molten Glass On A Hollow Rod Or Punty Was Used. This Resulted In A Bubble Of Glass Being Flattened Into A Disc Approximately One Metre In Diameter, From Which Small Pieces Were Cut From The Outside, Leaving The Worst Quality In The Centre. The Bulls-eye Or Bullion Ironically Is Now The Most Sought After Piece. the process had been developed to the stage where a continuous ribbon of cast glass was ground and polished on both surfaces simultaneously, first with sand then iron oxide. Apart from being extremely messy, the process line was longer than the ocean liner The Queen Mary, and was correspondingly, very costly.



Through Conquest The Art Was Taken To Egypt Where The Oldest Relics Are Dated At 2000 B.C. It Is Also Believed That Alexander The Great Was Buried In A Glass Coffin. From Egypt The Technique Was Taken To Rome, From Where It Spread Throughout Europe And Continued To Develop.

It was in 1913 that continuous processes such as; the Fourcault process (Belgium); the Colburn -Libbey - Owens process (USA); and the most successful of all, the P.P.G. Pittsburgh process. All involved drawing the glass up vertically out of a tank of molten glass, the edges being held by knurled rollers to retain the ribbon width. The sheet glass produced by these methods gave a good strong fire finish, but the very action of pulling upwards meant the product contained inherent bands of distortion which resulted in poor optical quality and terrible reflections.

Where true optical quality was required in mirrors or large shopfront windows, a plate glass was needed. The plate process involved sheet glass being ground and polished to achieve the desired quality. The quantum leap came in late 1958 when Pilkington launched their Float Glass process, which has since been licensed to glassmakers throughout the world. This innovative process involved molten glass being floated on a shallow bath of molten tin, while being heated on the top surface. The resulting product is optically true and requires no further grinding or polishing. While manufacturing methods have changed dramatically over the basic last century, the ingredients used in glass making are still very much the same.

/ PERFORMANCE TERMS

ndoor heat

Low E coating

Visible Light Transmittance:

• Expressed as the percentage of visible light (380 - 780nm's) that is transmitted through a glass type.

Visible Light Reflectance:

• The percentage of visible light (380 - 780nm's) that is reflected from the glass surface(s).

Solar Energy Transmittance:

• The percentage of ultra-violet, visible and infra-red energy (290 - 2500nm's) that is directly transmitted through a glass type.

Solar Energy Reflectance:

• The percentage of solar energy that is reflected from the glass surface(s).

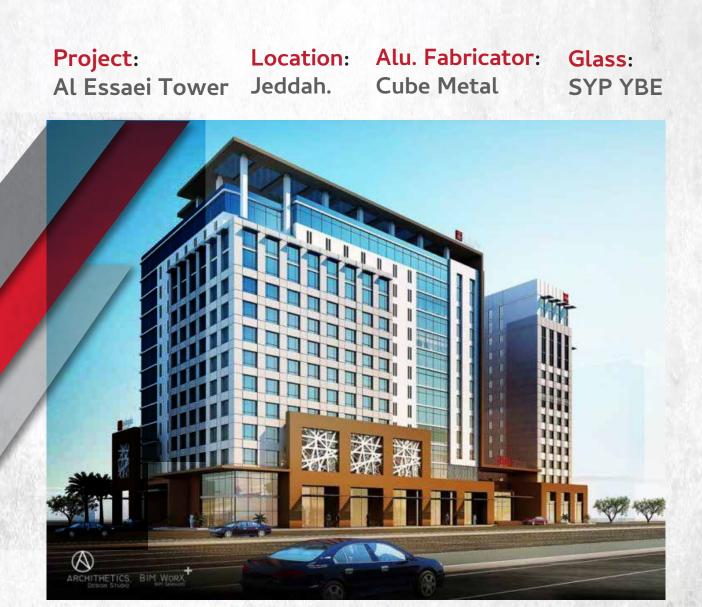
Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) or Total Solar **Energy Transmittance:**

• The proportion of directly transmitted and absorbed solar energy that enters into the building's interior. The lower the number is, the better the glass is able to exclude solar radiation.



PROJECTS

AREAS AREAS AND



Project: Deem Plaza



Glass: Guardian HD





Project: Backyard Mall Location: Riyadh. Alu. Fabricator: RATAAL

<mark>Glass:</mark> Guardian Neutral 70 Project: yassmen plaza Location: Riyadh.

Alu. Fabricator: TechnoTal

<mark>Glass:</mark> Guardian HD Plus





Project: Al Othaim Mall Location: Hafer Al Baten.

Alu. Fabricator: RATAAL

Glass: Guardian HD Plus



Project: Khurais Mall

Location: Riyadh

Alu. Fabricator: Cordoba Palaces

<mark>Glass:</mark> Guardian HD



Project:Location:Alu. Fabricator:Glass:Rabwah PlazaRiyadh.Granada Alu.Guardian



Project: Piano Mall Location: Al Jubail

Alu. Fabricator: Jazzah Alu. Glass: Guardian



OUR PARTNERS

GUARDIAN GLASS



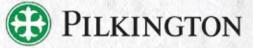
إحــدى شـركـات دبــي لـلإسـتـثـمـار A Subsidiary of Dubai Investments







شركة الإمارات (ألواع الرجاع المسطود مرم EMIRATES FLOAT GLASS LLC





glaston bestmakina



/

الدمارات للزجاج EMIRATES CLASS

glaströsch

1











JoTiKo Materjet



52

WE PRODUCE TRANSPARENCY, NOT JUST GLASS

Riyadh, 2nd Industrial City 7602 Saudi Arabia 14333 - 2554 www.andalusglass.com

(a) : +011 448 2160
 (b) : +011 448 7963
 (c) : +011 448 7963
 (c) info@andalusglass.com